InCore TMT System
Precision Guided Correction

• **Fully Guided**
  • Post and Targeting Guide utilize anatomical landmarks to facilitate fixation placement

• **Solid Intermedullary Construct**
  • Solid 4.9mm Titanium Post provides large surface area engagement in the cancellous bone of the cuneiform
  • Headless compression screws thread directly into the 4.9mm post
  • Post and screws construct is designed to minimize hardware prominence that can result in hardware removal due to pain or irritation related to such hardware prominence

• **Joint Preparation**
  • Targeting Guide provides distraction of the joint for visualization and joint preparation
  • Distraction allows space for curettage and microfracture

• **Controlled Compression**
  • Targeting Guide includes built-in Compression-Distraction Fixture providing compression parallel to the long axis of the metatarsal

• **Features**
  • 4.9mm x 18mm Titanium Post
  • 2.7mm Diameter Headless Compression Screws offered from 16 to 48mm in length
  • Robust T8 Hexalobe Driver

![Implant Actual Size]
Surgical Technique

1. Prepare instrumentation by first ensuring the top line of the **Compression-Distraction Fixture** is aligned with the start line of the **Targeting Guide**. The **T8 Driver** is used to rotate the **Screw**, causing the **Compression-Distraction Fixture** to travel along the **Targeting Guide**. Improper alignment may restrict potential distraction and compression travel of the **Compression-Distraction Fixture**.

2. Assemble the **InCore TMT Post** to the **Targeting Guide**. Thread the **Post Fastener** into the implant **Post**, with the **Targeting Guide** positioned between. The **Targeting Guide** “tooth” should be aligned with the slot in the top of the **Post**. After firm hand tightening of the **Post Fastener**, there will be no gap or play between the components.
3. Sighting the holes in the **Targeting Guide**, alignment can be visualized to ensure proper assembly and left/right foot selection. The **medial hole** of the Targeting Guide aligns with the **plantar hole** in the Post. The **lateral hole** of the Targeting Guide aligns with the **dorsal hole** of the Post.

4. Make a dorsal incision over the tarsometatarsal joint.

5. Perform soft tissue releases to ensure full mobility of the 2nd or 3rd metatarsal to the desired correction position.

6. Position the **Post Guide** so that the paddle is aligned with the TMT joint line on the 2nd or 3rd metatarsal and the feet are resting on the cuneiform and metatarsal. (2nd metatarsal procedure shown.)

   NOTE: If performing procedure on the 2nd TMT joint, offset **Post Guide** distally 2-3mm.
7. Before placing a 2mm K-wire, loosely place the K-wire into the Post Guide and observe the angle of the K-Wire to be perpendicular to the long axis of the metatarsal. Adjust as necessary and place K-wire through the Post Guide and into the bone.

OPTIONAL: If planning to cut the cuneiform for bone preparation, you may consider making cut prior to placing K-wire.

8. Remove the Post Guide, leaving the 2mm K-wire in the bone.

NOTE: The guide is configured to aid in placing the K-wire perpendicular to the long axis of the metatarsal. The angle of the K-wire with respect to the medial aspect of the cuneiform as well as X-ray or fluoroscopy should be assessed to ensure the K-wire is surrounded by adequate bone for reaming, and to ensure the naviculocuneiform (NC) joint will not be violated. There must be at least 18mm of tunnel to ensure the post is appropriately seated in the bone. Adjust K-wire when necessary to account for variations in anatomy.
9. Insert the **4.9mm Post Drill** over the **2mm K-wire** and drill to the hard stop.

10. Insert the **Post and Targeting Guide Assembly** into the hole located in the cuneiform. Fully seat the **Post** into the bone ensuring the **Targeting Guide** is at or just below bone surface.

   NOTE: Light malleting may be required to fully seat post.
11. Manipulate the metatarsal to achieve desired positioning.

With the Compression-Distraction Fixture over the metatarsal, place Implant Bushings through the Targeting Guide holes. Evaluate the anticipated screw entry points on the metatarsal to ensure that the lateral screw and the medial 2mm K-wires will have bone purchase. Proper depth of the Post, rotation of the Targeting Guide about the Post, and degree of bone removal during joint preparation are elements that can affect the entry point of screws in the metatarsal.

Once the metatarsal and targeting guide are positioned in the desired location, place two 2mm K-wires through the Compression-Distraction Fixture and into the metatarsal to stabilize positioning.

12. Positioning can be maintained by inserting a 2mm K-wire through the proximal Targeting Guide and into the cuneiform, proximal to the post as necessary. When inserting the 2mm K-wire, check to ensure it is clear of the neurovascular bundle. Once desired positioning has been made, the Implant Bushings can be removed.
13. Using the **T8 driver**, turn the **Screw** in the **Compression-Distraction Fixture** counter-clockwise to distract the tarsometatarsal joint.

**NOTE:** Soft tissue release may be required to achieve desired distraction and optimal visualization.

14. After desired distraction is achieved, continue to prepare the joint with curettage, microfracture, and other preferred bone preparation methods.

**NOTE:** If performing this procedure on both 2nd and 3rd TMT joints, consider preparing both joints at the same time while the 2nd TMT joint is distracted.

15. Following bone preparation, turn the **Screw** clockwise to compress the metatarsal to the cuneiform. While compressing, ensure metatarsal base does not deflect planarly and that the **Post** does not shift dorsally.

**NOTE:** The metatarsal position should be assessed clinically and with intraoperative fluoroscopy or radiographs to ensure the desired position is achieved. If adjustment is necessary, remove compression, readjust the metatarsal position and K-wires as needed before recompressing the joint. Reassess screw trajectory by placing both bushings into the guide and confirm the anticipated trajectory will capture adequate bone.
16. Once desired position is achieved and secured in compression, place the **Implant Bushing** into the medial hole in the **Targeting Guide**. Ensure the **Implant Bushing** chosen is the longest bushing that will fully seat against the **Targeting Guide** without touching the metatarsal. Once the **Implant Bushing** is in place, insert the matching **Drill Bushing** into the **Implant Bushing**.

17. Ensure the post is fully seated, then introduce the **2.8mm Drill Bit** into the **Drill Bushing**. **Do NOT begin drilling until the Drill Bit engages the bone. Peck drill as needed to prevent skyving.** Fully seat the **2.8mm Drill Bit** against the **Drill Bushing** (up to the step on the bit) to ensure drill creates a continuous tunnel of an appropriate length to the **Post**.
18. Remove the **Drill Bushing** and place the **Depth Measuring Probe** through the **Implant Bushing** until the **Probe** makes firm contact with bone. It may be necessary to remove bone debris that could impede measurement. Then read the measurement at the guide surface which correlates with the suggested **2.7mm Screw** length. Based on measurement, select the corresponding **2.7mm Screw**. If measurement is between sizes, consider a shorter screw option to ensure the screw is not too prominent.

19. Insert **2.7mm Screw** through pre-drilled tunnel until it reaches the **Post** and the rear screw head reaches the bone. Then rotationally advance until fully seated into the **Post**. Do NOT attempt to drive screw beyond hard stop. If screw head is too prominent or buried too deep, remove screw and select appropriate length.

NOTE: Care should be taken to ensure the 2.7mm Screw threads correctly into the Post without cross threading. Significant resistance prior to 5 full rotations is a sign of misalignment or cross threading.
20. Repeat the process of choosing the correct **Implant Bushing** and **Drill Bushing**, drilling, measuring for **2.7mm Screw** length, and screw placement for the lateral screw.

21. To aid in removing **K-Wires**, slightly reduce the compression by turning **Compression-Distraction Fixture Screw** counter-clockwise and remove all **K-wires**. Twist **Post Fastener** to release from **Post** and remove **Targeting Guide**.

22. Once both **2.7mm Screws** are locked into the **Post**, thread the **Post Plug Screw** into the top of the **Post**.

23. Close in the usual manner.
Revision Surgical Technique

1. Make a dorsal incision over the tarsometatarsal joint.
2. Locate the Post in the cuneiform and clear bone to gain access.
3. Remove the Post Plug Screw using the T8 Driver.
4. Locate the 2.7mm Screws in the metatarsal and clear bone to gain access.
5. Remove both 2.7mm Screws using the T8 Driver.

NOTE: Reattaching Targeting Guide to post can aid in locating 2.7mm screws in metatarsal.
6. Align the **Revision Guide** with the **Post**. Place the **Revision Post Fastener** through the **Revision Guide** and thread onto the **Post**. Hand tighten to stabilize the assembly.

7. Review of removed screws and X-ray will indicate the presence of potential screw fragments. Long screw fragments should be removed using a standard screw removal system. If one or both screws have broken, leaving a small portion of the screw locked into the **Post**, run the **2.8mm Drill** through the guided hole on the side of the **Revision Guide** parallel to the **Post** until the screw fragment is reached.

8. The **Revision Guide** can then be impacted dorsally to remove the **Post**.

9. If additional in-line force is required, the **Slap Hammer** can be attached by removing the **Revision Guide**, sliding the **Revision Post Fastener** through the **Slap Hammer** and reengaging with the **Post**.
INDICATIONS: The InCore® TMT System is a three-part construct intended for internal fixation for Lesser Tarsometatarsal Joint Arthrodesis (also known as Lisfranc Joint Fusion or 2nd/3rd Tarsometatarsal Fusion).

CONTRAINDICATIONS: (1) Patient conditions including insufficient quantity or quality of bone. (2) Blood supply limitations and previous or active infections that may inhibit healing. (3) Surgical procedures other than for the indications listed. (4) Patients with conditions that limit their ability or willingness to follow postoperative care instructions. (5) The device may not be suitable for patients with insufficient or immature bone. The physician should carefully assess bone quality before performing orthopedic surgery on patients who are skeletally immature. (6) Where material sensitivity is suspected, appropriate testing should be performed and sensitivity ruled out prior to implantation. (7) The InCore TMT System requires placement of a titanium post in the second (intermediate) or third (lateral) cuneiform bone. For optimum fixation strength, the post should be fully encapsulated in bone. The device may be unsuitable for patients with small, thin, bifurcated, split, fractured, or otherwise abnormally shaped bone.

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