



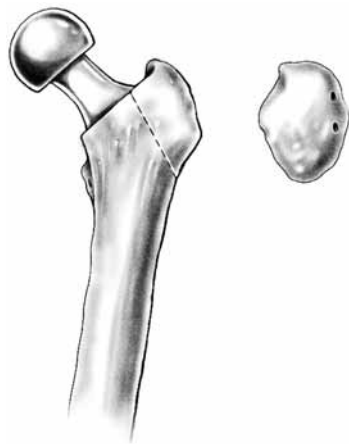
## Cable-Ready<sup>®</sup> Trochanteric Reattachment

Abbreviated  
Surgical Technique

# 1 Drill Holes

After completing the total hip arthroplasty, open two *Cable-Ready* Cable Grip System cobalt chrome cables. Load one into the Tensioner.

Drill two 2.0mm holes in the posterior third of the trochanter approximately 2.0cm apart. Drill one 2.0mm hole in the lesser trochanter.



# 2 Pass Cable Around Femur

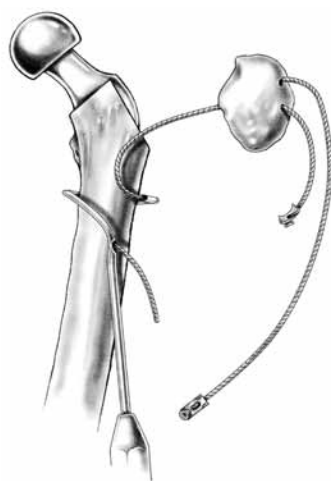
Pass the large Cable Passer around the proximal femur starting anterior and turning the passer posterior.

When the tip of the Cable Passer is in view, insert the cable **THROUGH THE TROCHANTER FIRST**, then into the Cable Passer until the cable exits the shaft. Remove the Cable Passer. (Place the first cable just distal to the lesser trochanter, and the second cable 1.0-2.0cm proximal to the first cable.)

Advance the greater trochanter distally onto a good bleeding bed of cancellous bone.

Note: The most common reason for nonunion of the greater trochanter is poor or inadequate bone contact between the greater trochanter and the proximal femur.

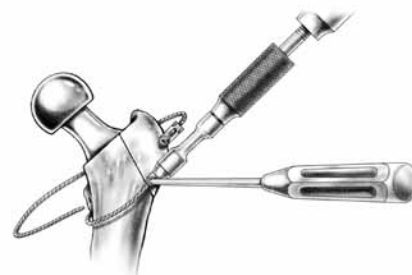
Important: Place the body portion posteriorly on the trochanter, so there is no prominence laterally over the greater trochanter.



# 3 Tighten Cables Sequentially

After the first cable is tightened, lock down the Retensioning Bit to temporarily hold the cable. Move the Tensioner to the second cable and tension it. Use the screwdriver to lock down and crimp the second cable.

Carefully unlock the Retensioning Bit and re-tension the first cable. Crimp the first cable with the screwdriver.



# 4 Cut Excess Cable

Cut the excess cable flush with the connector body.



