AccuFill® Bone Substitute Material (BSM)

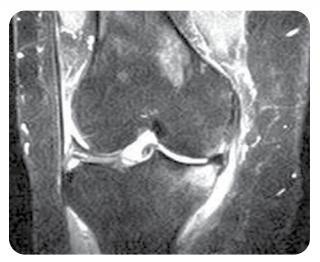
The Subchondroplasty® Procedure







AccuFill BSM

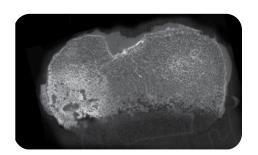


BML Bone Defect on T2 MRI

The Subchondroplasty Procedure is a minimally invasive, fluoroscopically-assisted procedure that targets and fills subchondral bone defects not intrinsic to the bony structure. These defects can be associated with bone marrow lesions (BML), insufficiency or microtrabecular fractures, repetitive stress injuries to the cancellous bone or cysts. Successfully filling osseous defects of the trabecular bone requires an injectable BSM with very specific characteristics.

An optimal material for the Subchondroplasty Procedure:

- 1. Flows readily into closed trabecular bone¹
- 2. Sets hard upon implantation with properties comparable to healthy cancellous bone²
- 3. Undergoes cell-mediated remodeling as the bone heals²



Micro CT from patient with bone marrow lesion



Histologic section of patient with bone marrow lesion showing evidence of microfracture non-union of the subchondral bone³



AccuFill BSM: Performance Characteristics

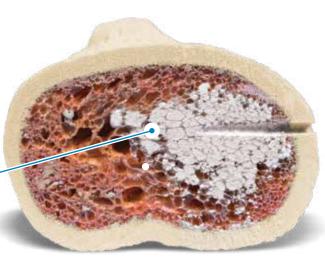
AccuFill BSM is an engineered calcium phosphate compound. It flows readily to fill subchondral bone defects, then crystallizes and sets in an isothermic reaction at 37°C to form a nanocrystalline*, macroporous and osteoconductive scaffold in the bone. Inclusion of a binding agent (CMC [carboxymethylcellulose]) allows the material to remain bound in a paste form, and interdigitate into closed cancellous bone.



- · Flowable into trabecular network
- Isothermic hard setting no thermal damage to surrounding tissue



Standard Injectable BSM



AccuFill BSM

AccuFill BSM Injection Study¹

Results and images from a BSM injection study in the setting of closed cancellous bone model show that AccuFill BSM flows readily and reproducibly under light digital pressure to fill a larger volume than other evaluated materials.



AccuFill BSM



Other BSM 1: Tri-Calcium Phosphate Apatite





Other BSM 2: Calcium Sulfate/Hydroxyapatite

Important Safety Information: The use of AccuFill BSM is not intended to be intrinsic to the stability of the bony structure. Radiographic studies should be used to confirm that the adjacent cortical bone is intact. AccuFill BSM is not intended for use in vertebroplasty or similar load-bearing indications. AccuFill BSM is not intended for the treatment of cartilage defects or injury. AccuFill BSM is not intended to support articular cartilage or cortical bone.

AccuFill BSM: Performance Characteristics

Intra-operative Images of AccuFill BSM Interdigitation







Distal Tibia

AccuFill BSM: Properties²

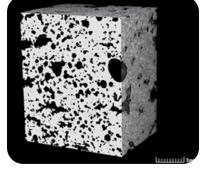
- · Mimics chemical composition and crystalline structure of natural human bone mineral
- Incorporation of metal ions (M) keeps the crystal domain of AccuFill BSM to a size similar to those formed by bone apatite
- · Reactive material, undergoes cell-mediated remodeling

AccuFill BSM is composed of two distinct forms of calcium phosphate - amorphous calcium phosphate (ACP) and dicalcium phosphate dihydrate (DCPD). Due to rapid hydrolysis of the ACP into apatite, the final product is a calcium deficient, nanocrystalline* material that has the crystal structure and chemical formulation to undergo cell-mediated remodeling.

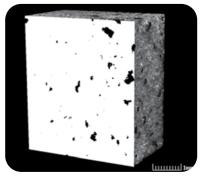
Chemical Formula/Crystalline Structure

Material	Chemical Composition	Average Nano Crystal			Total	
	Chemical Composition	Length (nm)	Width (nm)	Height (nm)	Volume (nm³)	
Human Bone Mineral	$Ca_{10:x}(M)_x(PO4)_{6:x}(HPO_4, CO_3)_x(OH)_{2:x}$	23 - 32	6.7 - 8.0	6.7 - 8.0	1,485	
AccuFill BSM	Ca _{10-x} (M) _x (PO ₄) _{6-x} (HPO ₄ , CO ₃) _x (OH) _{2-x}	26	8	8	1,664	
Standard Calcium Phosphate	Ca _{10-x} (PO4) _{6-x} (HPO ₄ , CO ₃) _x (OH) _{2-x}	22	26	26	14,872	

AccuFill BSM is 55% porous, with micropores and macropores up to 300µm. Greater surface area allows for revascularization and remodeling.^{5,6} The inclusion of an effervescent agent (sodium bicarbonate) releases carbon dioxide during the setting process and forms pores within the material.



AccuFill BSM Porosity⁴



Standard CaP Porosity⁴

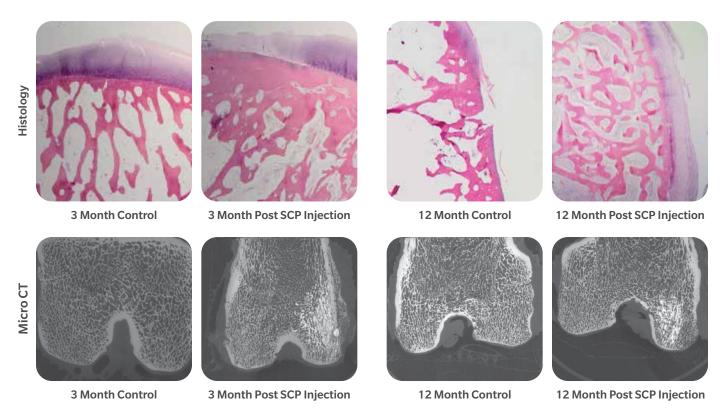
^{*}The grain size of the hydroxyapatite (HA) crystals that form as part of the amorphous and crystalline mixture of calcium phosphate sets are on the nanometer scale. The size of the crystalline structures were measured by X-ray diffraction to be less than 100 nanometers.

AccuFill BSM: Properties

AccuFill BSM in a Femoral Condyle Preclinical Canine Model8

Subchondroplasty Canine Impact Model Study 1 Year Report**
James L. Cook, DVM, PhD
Comparative Orthopaedic Laboratory
Missouri Orthopaedic Institute

Study tested healing response in canine subjects to an artificially created bone defect treated with SCP vs control group with no treatment. The bone defects were created using a validated impact model, replicating the pathology of a chronic BML.⁹



Note, the incorporation of the AccuFill BSM in the SCP samples vs. the loss of trabeculae and unresolved subchondral insufficiency fractures in the control samples.

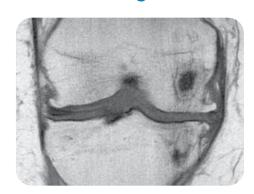
Canine models may not be predictive of human clinical results.

MRI Evidence of AccuFill BSM Undergoing Cell-Mediated Remodeling



AccuFill BSM 1 Month Post-Operative

Post-operative MRI evaluation following SCP Procedure shows gradual remodeling of AccuFill BSM into natural cancellous bone.



AccuFill BSM 14 Months Post-Operative

AccuFill BSM: Handling Properties

- May be mixed with saline
- 15-minute working time easy, closed syringe mixing
- Inject with 1cc syringes digital injection pressure



AccuFill BSM: Summary

Criteria	Feature	Benefit		
Performance	 Truly injectable and flowable through cancellous bone Remains cohesive Isothermically sets in 10 minutes at 37° C 	 Interdigitates easily into trabecular network – no need to create a void No phase separation from injection pressure Sets hard, no thermal necrosis 		
Properties	 Proprietary engineered apatite similar to apatite of bone Osteoconductive Nanocrystalline* structure, macroporous scaffold 55% total porosity; 1-300µm pore size ~7-9 MPa compressive strength² 	 Undergoes cell-mediated remodeling into natural bone Porosity and pore size give it greater surface area for cellular activity⁷ Physical properties comparable to cancellous bone 		
Handling	15-minute of working timeMay be mixed with salineInjectable under digital pressure	 Long window for implantation; intra-operative flexibility Tactile feedback during injection 		

References

- Colon DA, Yoon BJ, Russell TA, Cammisa FP, Abjornson C, Assessment of the injection behavior of commercially available bone BSMs for Subchondroplasty procedures, The Knee, Vol. 22, Issue 6, Pages 597-603, Copyright 2015, with permission from Elsevier.
 Benchtop data is not necessarily indicative of clinical outcomes.
- 2. Tofi ghi et al. Setting Reactions Involved in Injectable Cements Based on Amorphous Calcium Phosphate, Key Engineering Materials Vols. Pages 192-195 (2001)
 - Benchtop and animal data is not necessarily indicative of clinical outcomes.
- 3. Zanetti et al. Bone Marrow Edema Pattern in Osteoarthritic Knee: Correlation Between MR Imaging and Histologic Findings, Radiol 2000; 215:835-840.
- 4. 3D CT reconstructions of BSM materials from CT Study #5163 Numira Biosciences Etex DHF 060130. Animal data is not necessarily indicative of clinical outcomes.
- 5. Lee, D. Duke, et al. "[alpha]-BSM (R): A Biomimetic Bone Substitute and Drug Delivery Vehicle. Clinical orthopaedics and related research 367 (1999): \$396-\$405.
- 6. Wang W., Yeung K.W.K, Bone grafts and biomaterials substitutes for bone defect repair: a review, Bioactive Materials 2 (2017)224-227.
- 7. Murphy, Ciara M., et al. "Understanding the effect of mean pore size on cell activity in collagen-glycosaminoglycan scaffolds." Cell Adhesion & Migration 4:3, 377-381; July/August/September 2010; © 2010 Landes Bioscience.
- 8. Cook, J. Subchondroplasty Canine Impact Model Study 1 year report, Comparative Orthopaedic Labratory, Missouri Orthopaedic Institute. Animal data is not necessarily indicative of clinical outcomes.
- 9. Brimmo et al. Development of a Novel Canine Model for Posttraumatic Osteoarthritis of the Knee, The Journal of Knee Surgery, 2015. Animal data is not necessarily indicative of clinical outcomes.

AccuFill Bone Substitute Material is an injectable, self-setting, macroporous, osteoconductive, calcium phosphate bone graft substitute material that is intended for use to fill bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system of the extremities, spine (i.e., posterolateral spine), and the pelvis that are not intrinsic to the stability of the bony structure. These defects may be surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects created from traumatic injury to the bone. AccuFill Bone Substitute Material is a bone graft substitute that resorbs and is replaced with new bone during the healing process.

OUS Indications for Use:

AccuFill Porous Bone Substitute is an injectable, self-setting, macro-porous, osteo-conductive, calcium phosphate bone graft substitute material that is intended for use to fill bony voids or gaps of the lower extremities (pelvis through foot) that are not intrinsic to the stability of the bony structure. These defects may be surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects created from traumatic injury to the bone including bone marrow lesions. AccuFill is a bone graft substitute that resorbs and is replaced with new bone during the healing process.

- *The grain size of the hydroxyapatite (HA) crystals that form as part of the amorphous and crystalline mixture of calcium phosphate sets are on the nanometer scale. The size of the crystalline structures were measured by X-ray diffraction to be less than 100 nanometers.
- **Animal models may not be predictive of clinical results.

All content herein is protected by copyright, trademarks and other intellectual property rights, as applicable, owned by or licensed to Zimmer Biomet or its affiliates unless otherwise indicated, and must not be redistributed, duplicated or disclosed, in whole or in part, without the express written consent of Zimmer Biomet.

This material is intended for health care professionals. Distribution to any other recipient is prohibited. For product information, including indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, potential adverse effects and patient counseling information, see the package insert or contact your local representative; visit www.zimmerbiomet.com for additional product information.



